Terms defined
Boolean – binary value, evaluating to “True” or “False”
String – sequence of characters read as single entity
Lists – container designed to organize variables within it separated by commas. Denoted in Python by square braces
Variable – placeholder for value; can be any type of data
Function – operation done to variable(s) which returns value(s)
Method – operation associated with object (variable), usually used to give information on that object
Algorithm – steps taken in a process to achieve desired result; instructions
Parameter(s) – variable used within a function, not passed explicitly
Mutable – able to be changed (mutated)
Immutable – unable to be changed (mutated)

Examples
Data Type – string, integer, float
Operator – +, -, *, /, //, **, %
Comparison operator – ==, >, <, >=, <=, !=
Boolean Literal – 0, 1
Expression – x = 4; x is the expression of the value 4
Statement – x = 4; the entire thing is the statement
String – “Hello”
Integer – 4
Float – 3.14159265
Function – len(“Hello”)
String method – “Hello”.lower()
List method – list.pop()
Execution control structure – if temp > 86:
Conditional control structure – if “w” in string:
    do something
else:
    do something else
Iteration control structure – for i in range(len(list)):